

# Finite fibers of multi-graded dense rational maps on $\mathbb{P}^3$

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Finite fibers of rational maps  $\Psi$  from  $\mathbb{P}^2$  to  $\mathbb{P}^3$  and also  $\mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1$  to  $\mathbb{P}^3$  have been studied in [2] by Botbol, Busé and Chardin. For both cases, they have assumed that the base locus  $\mathcal{B}$  of  $\Psi$  is finite and locally complete intersection. Also for the both cases,  $\mathcal{B}$  contains only points and multiple of points. Under these assumptions, they write approximation complexes of cycles  $\mathcal{Z}_\bullet$  of multi-degree  $\nu$  computed according to [1]. They show that for these  $\nu$  values, the Hilbert function of the fiber at a point  $p \in \mathbb{P}^3$ , becomes Hilbert polynomial of the fiber at  $p$ . From the first arrow of  $\mathcal{Z}_\bullet$  giving a family of matrices they chose one and denote it by  $\mathcal{M}(\Psi)_\nu$ . They study the fibers of dimension 0 and 1. They state a relation between the corank of  $\mathcal{M}(\Psi)(p)_\nu$  and degree of the fiber at point  $p$ .

Our motivation is to compute the distance from a point  $p \in \mathbb{R}^3$  to an algebraic rational surface  $\mathcal{S} \in \mathbb{R}^3$ . For that purpose, firstly, from a parametrization of  $\mathcal{S}$ , we construct a parametrization of normal lines to  $\mathcal{S}$ , namely  $\psi$  from  $\mathbb{R}^3$  into  $\mathbb{R}^3$ . Secondly, we homogenize  $\psi$  in  $\mathbb{P}^2 \times \mathbb{P}^1$  or possibly in  $\mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1$  and we obtain a multi-graded multi homogeneous rational map  $\Psi$  into  $\mathbb{P}^3$ .

Our work is an extension of [2]. We present a new method to study the finite fibers of dense multi-graded rational maps  $\Psi$  from  $\mathbb{P}^2 \times \mathbb{P}^1$  or  $\mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1$  to  $\mathbb{P}^3$ . Different from the previous work [2], in this case the base locus  $\mathcal{B}$  of  $\Psi$  has degree one components, i.e it contains curves. This was the main difficulty to handle and we needed additional hypothesis to control the fiber over a point  $p \in \mathbb{P}^3$ . For the multi-degree  $\nu$  computed again according to [1], we show that Hilbert function of the fiber at point  $p \in \mathbb{P}^3$  becomes Hilbert polynomial at  $p$  which is equal to the corank of  $\mathcal{M}(\Psi)(p)_\nu$ . Moreover, at these multi-degree  $\nu$ , the corank of  $\mathcal{M}(\Psi)(p)_\nu$  is equal to degree of the fiber at  $p$  and it gives us the number of the orthogonal projections of  $p$  onto the surface  $\mathcal{S}$  under our construction.

## References

- [1] Nicolás Botbol. The implicit equation of a multigraded hypersurface. *Journal of Algebra*, 348(1):381 – 401, 2011.

- [2] Nicolàs Botbol, Laurent Busé, and Marc Chardin. Fitting ideals and multiple points of surface parameterizations. *Journal of Algebra*, 420(Supplement C):486 – 508, 2014.